Mathelpers

Solving Inequalities Using Addition or Subtraction

An **inequality** is a statement formed by placing an inequality symbol between two expressions. For example, $y + 5 \le 6$ is an inequality.

The **solution of an inequality** with a variable is the set of all numbers that produce true statements when substituted for the variable. You can show the solution of an inequality by graphing the inequality on a number line. When you graph an inequality of the form x > a or x < a, use an open circle at a. When you graph an inequality of the form x > a or x < a, use an open circle at a. When you graph an inequality of x < a, use a closed circle at a.

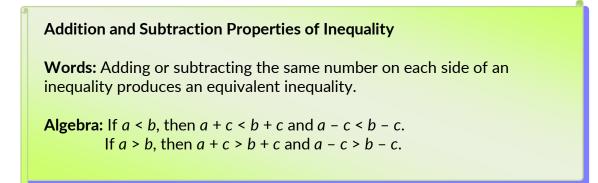
Inequality	Words	Graph
x < 3	All numbers less than 3	
y > 2	All numbers greater than 2	-3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3
z ≤ 3	All numbers less than or equal to 3	-3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3
n ≥ 2	All numbers greater than or equal to 2.	

The freezing point of water is 0°C. At temperatures at or below the freezing point, water is a solid (ice). Write an inequality that gives the temperatures at which water is a solid. Then graph the inequality. Let t represent the temperature of water. Water is a solid at temperatures less than or equal to 0°C.

The inequality is $t \le 0$. The graph is shown below.

-30 -20 -10 0 10 20 30

Solving Inequalities You can use the following properties to find solutions of inequalities involving addition and subtraction. Using these properties, you can write equivalent inequalities. **Equivalent inequalities** are inequalities that have the same solution.



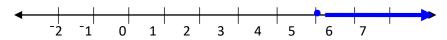
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Example 1: Solve $m + 5 \ge 10$. Graph and check your solution.

<i>m</i> + 5 ≥ 10
<i>m</i> + 5 - 5 ≥ 10 - 5
m ≥ 5

Write original inequality. Subtract 5 from each side. Simplify.

The solution is $m \ge 5$.



Check Choose any number greater than or equal to 5.

Substitute the number into the original inequality.

<i>m</i> + 5 ≥ 10	Write original inequality.
<mark>8</mark> + 5 ≥ 10	Substitute 8 for <i>m</i> .
13 ≥ 10 √	Solution checks.