## Problem Solving Using Equations

Consecutive numbers are numbers in counting order such as $3,4,5$. Beginning with an even integer and counting by two gives consecutive even integers. For example $-6,-4,-2,0,2,4$, are consecutive even integers. Beginning with an odd integer and counting by two gives consecutive odd integers. For example $-3,-1,1,3,5$ are consecutive odd integers.

Consecutive integers: $x, x+1, x+2, \ldots$ for example: $10,11,12$
Consecutive even integers: $x, x+2, x+4, \ldots$ for example: $8,10,12$
Consecutive even integers: $x, x+2, x+4, \ldots$ for example: $7,9,11$

## Example 1: Find three consecutive even integers whose sum is $\mathbf{- 1 2}$

EXPLORE Let $x=$ the least even integer.
$x+2=$ the next greater even integer.
$x+4=$ the greatest of the three even integers.
PLAN Write an equation.
The sum of three consecutive even integers is -12 .
SOLVE

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \quad x+(x+2)+(x+4)=-12 \\
& 3 x+6=-12 \\
& 3 x=-18 \\
& x=-6
\end{aligned}
$$

Therefore, $x+2=-4, x+4=-2$.
The integers are $-6,-4$, and -2 .
EXAMINE
Is -12 the sum of $-6,-4$, and -2 ?
$-12=-6+-4+-2$
$-12=-12$
Since this is a true statement, the result is correct

