Model Addition

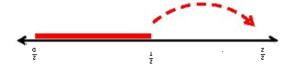
Number line can help you add fractions.

Fractions that have the same denominator are called like fractions.

Find the sum.

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$$

- · The denominator tells the number of equal parts the number line is divided into.
- · The denominator is 2, so the number line is divided into 2 equal parts.
- · Label the number line with $\frac{0}{2}$, $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{2}{2}$



- · Shade the part from $\frac{0}{2}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$. To add, move $\frac{1}{2}$ from $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{2}{2}$, or 1.
- \cdot Since there are 2 equal parts in all, that means there are 2 out of 2 equal parts, or

$$\frac{2}{2}$$
.

So,
$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{2}$$
, or l.

Before we can add any two or more fractions, first they must have the same denominators.

When you add like fractions, add only the numerators.

$$\frac{a}{c} + \frac{b}{c} = \frac{a+b}{c}$$

If the sum is not in lowest terms, it must be reduced to lowest terms.

$$\frac{3}{6} + \frac{2}{6} = ?$$



$$\frac{3 \text{ parts shaded}}{6 \text{ parts}} + \frac{2 \text{ parts shaded}}{6 \text{ parts}} = \frac{5 \text{ parts shaded}}{6 \text{ parts}}$$

$$\frac{3}{6} + \frac{2}{6} = \frac{5}{6} \rightarrow \text{ add the numerators} \rightarrow \text{ write the denominator } \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{3+2}{6} = \frac{5}{6}$$

Examples:

A- Model the sum. Record your answer.

1)
$$\frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{5} = \frac{3}{5}$$

2)
$$\frac{1}{7} + \frac{6}{7}$$

$$\frac{1}{7} + \frac{6}{7} = \frac{7}{7} = 1$$

3)
$$\frac{5}{12} + \frac{1}{12}$$

$$\frac{5}{12} + \frac{1}{12} = \frac{5+1}{12} = \frac{6}{12} = \frac{1}{2}$$