## Name:

## Zeros of Polynomial Functions

Exercise 1: Find a polynomial function with real coefficients such that:

1) Its degree is 4 having roots $3 i$ and $-2 i$, such that $f(1)=2$
2) Its degree is 5 having roots 1-i,3and i , such that $f(0)=5$
3) Its degree is 3 having roots $5 i$ and 1 , such that $f(2)=6$
4) Its degree is 3 having roots 3 and $2-i$, such that $f(1)=4$
5) Its degree is 3 having roots 5 and $\mathrm{i}+1$, such that $f(-1)=3$
6) Its degree is 3 having roots 7 and $2 i+3$, such that $f(5)=1$

Exercise 2: Find the zeros of each polynomial function given one root.

## Polynomial function

Root

1) $g(x)=x^{3}-14 x^{2}+68 x-20 \quad 4-2 i$
2) $g(x)=x^{6}+2 x^{5}+14 x^{4}+74 x^{3}+85 x^{2}+672 x+1872$
$4 i$ and $2-3 i$
3) $f(x)=2 x^{3}+3 x^{2}+50 x+75$
$5 i$
4) $f(x)=x^{3}+x^{2}+9 x+9$
$3 i$
5) $g(x)=x^{3}-7 x^{2}-x+87$
$5+2 i$

Exercise 3: A polynomial of degree 6 has the following zeros:

1) $x=3$ of multiplicity 2
2) $x=2 i$
3) $x=4 i$

Write a possible equation for the polynomial in factored form

