## Name:

## Volume: The Shell Method

1) Use the shell method to find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the plane region bounded by $y=x^{2}, y=9$, and $x=0$ about the $y$-axis.

2) Employ the method of cylindrical shells to find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the plane region bounded by:

$$
y=\sqrt{x}, y=\frac{1}{2} \text {, and } x=4 \text { about the } x \text {-axis }
$$


3) Utilize the shell method to find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the triangular region bounded by $y=x, y=0$, and $x=2$ about the line $x=3$.

4) The plane region bounded by $x=y^{2}$ and $y=-x+2$ is revolved about the line $y=1$. Find the volume of the generated solid by using the shell method.

5) Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the plane region bounded by $y=e^{x}, y=$ $0, x=0$, and $x=1$ about the $y$-axis.

6) Find the volume generated by revolving the given region about the given axis.

1) The region bounded by $y=x^{4}, \mathrm{x}=1$, and $\mathrm{y}=0$ about the y - axis.
2) The region in the first quadrant bounded by $x=y-y^{3}, \mathrm{x}=1$, and $\mathrm{y}=1$, about the x axis.
3) The region in the first quadrant bounded by $y=x^{3}$ and $y=4 x$, about the $x$-axis.
4) The region bounded by $y=2 x-x^{2}$ and $y=x$ about the $y$ - axis.
5) The region between the curve $y=e^{-x}$ and the $x$-axis from $x=1$ to $x=\ln 10$ is revolved about the $x$-axis.
