Name: $\qquad$

## Vectors and Dot Products

1) The vectors $(8, k)$ and $(9,6)$ are perpendicular. Find $k$.
2) The vectors $(8,6)$ and $(12, k)$ are parallel. Find $k$.
3) The position vectors of the points $A, B$ and $C$ with respect to the origin $O$ are $a=8 i-j, b=i$ $+4 j$ and $c=4 i-3 j$ respectively.
4) Show that the triangle $A B C$ is right-angled
5) Find its area
6) Find $u \bullet v$ where $\|u\|=9,\|v\|=36$, and the angle $\theta$ between $u$ and $v$ is 135
7) Determine $m$ if $u=\langle-3,2\rangle$ and $v=\langle-12, m\rangle$ are orthogonal.
8) Find the angle between the vectors $U$ and $V, U=(2,3)$ and $V=(-3,2)$
9) Find the angle between the vectors $U$ and $V$; $U=6 \mathbf{i}-\mathbf{j}$ and $V=\mathbf{i}+4 \mathbf{j}$
10) Which of the following vectors are perpendicular to each other? $\mathrm{U}=8 \mathbf{i}+6 \mathbf{j}, V=3 \mathbf{i}-4 \mathbf{j}, W=4 \mathbf{i}+3 \mathbf{j}$
11) Determine the value of $m$ if $M(0, m-1)$ such that triangle $A B M$ is right at $M$ where $A(2,1)$ and $B(-3,2)$.
12) Given: $A(2 m, 1) ; B(5,0)$; and $C(m-1,-m-2)$. Find $m$ such that $\triangle A B C$ is right at $B$.
