Name:

Law of Sines

- 1) Solve each of the following triangles ABC:
 - 1) a = 125, A = 54°40', B = 65°10'
 - 2) b = 215, c = 150, B = 42°40'
 - 3) b = 321, A = 75°20', C = 38°30'
 - 4) b = 40.2, a = 31.5, B = 112°20'
 - 5) b = 51.5, a = 62.5, B = 40°40'
- 2) Is it possible to have a triangle with the following dimensions? If yes, solve for the missing sides and angles of the triangle; if no, explain why not.

1) A = 122° , C = 18° , c = 21cm

2) A = 46.5 °, a = 7.9 cm, b = 13.1cm

3) B = 112 $^{\circ}$, C = 19 $^{\circ}$, c = 23 cm

3) Find, if possible, the missing sides and angles in each of the three triangles whose measurements are given below:

1) Triangle ABC in which $\angle A = 78^{\circ}$, $\angle B = 65^{\circ}$ and AB = 5 cm

2) Triangle ABC in which $\angle C = 33^{\circ}$, BC = 6 cm and AB = 4 cm

3) Triangle ABC in which $\angle C = 40^\circ$, AB = 9 cm and BC = 5 cm

- 4) Solve the triangle when a = 12, b = 31, A = 20.5
- 5) In \triangle HEY, $\angle H = 125^{\circ}$ and $h = \frac{5}{4}y$. Find the measures of $\angle E$ and $\angle Y$
- 6) In ΔFUN , $\angle F = 100^\circ$ and $u = \frac{2}{3}f$. Find the measures of $\angle U$ and $\angle N$.

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