## Compare and Order Fractions and Mixed Numbers

The three fractions $\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{4}$ and $\frac{2}{6}$ are arguing about who is the largest.
You can settle the argument by finding a common multiple of the denominators.

## STEP I

Find the product of all three denominators. Use it for the denominator.

$$
3 \times 4 \times 6=72
$$

$$
72 \text { is the common multiple. }
$$

## STEP 2

Rename each fraction so that 72 is the denominator.

$$
\frac{2^{\prime} 24}{3^{\prime} 24}=\frac{48}{72} \frac{3^{\prime} 18}{4^{\prime} 18}=\frac{54}{72} \frac{2^{\prime} 12}{6^{\prime} 12}=\frac{24}{72}
$$

STEP 3
Compare the numerator. Put them in order from least to greatest.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \left.\right|^{\frac{24}{72} p \frac{48}{72} p \frac{54}{72}} \\
& \frac{2}{6} \mathrm{p} \frac{2}{3} \mathrm{p} \frac{3}{4}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Examples:

A- Compare. Write $<,>$ or $=$

1) $\underline{2}_{5} \leq \frac{3}{5}$
2)! $\geq$ !
${ }_{6}$
$8^{3)} \underline{q} \equiv \underline{2}$
2) $\underline{7} \geq \frac{5}{4}$

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B- Write in order from least to greatest.
$1, \underline{Z}, \underline{4}$, !
$\rightarrow$
$1,1,4, \underline{7}$
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