

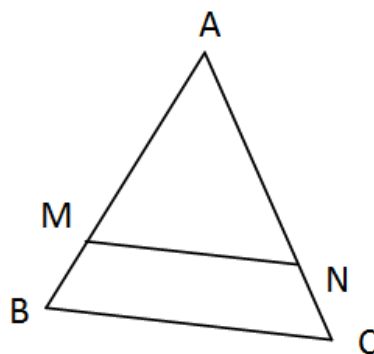
Name: \_\_\_\_\_

## Proportions and Similar Triangles

**Exercise 1:** Given:  $\overline{MN} \parallel \overline{BC}$ . Prove:

$$1) \frac{BM}{BA} = \frac{CN}{CA}$$

$$2) \frac{AM}{AB} = \frac{AN}{AC}$$

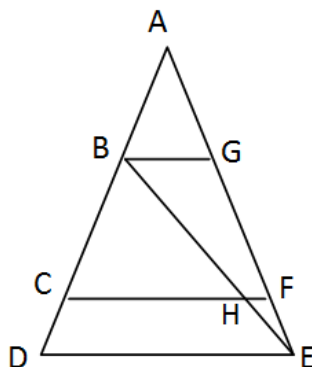


**Exercise 2:** Given:  $BG \parallel CF \parallel DE$ ,  $BD = 12$ ,  $AE = 14$ ,  $AB = 4$ ,  $BH = \frac{3}{5}BE$

Find:

$$1) AG, GF, \text{ and } CD$$

$$2) \frac{HF}{BG}$$



**Exercise 3:** A line is drawn parallel to the side  $\overline{BC}$  of a triangle  $ABC$  cuts the sides  $\overline{AB}$  and  $\overline{AC}$  at  $E$  and  $F$  respectively. The parallel to  $\overline{BF}$  drawn through  $E$  cuts  $\overline{AC}$  at  $G$ . Prove that  $\overline{AF}^2 = AG \times AC$ .

**Exercise 4:**  $ABC$  is a triangle. Three parallel lines  $AP$ ,  $BQ$ , and  $CR$  are drawn to meet  $\overline{BC}$ ,  $\overline{AC}$ , and  $\overline{AB}$  (produced if necessary) at  $P$ ,  $Q$ , and  $R$  respectively.

Prove that:  $\frac{BP}{PC} \times \frac{CQ}{QA} \times \frac{AR}{RB} = 1$