## Name:

$\qquad$

## Operations with Polynomials

1) A rectangle has dimensions of $(y+5)$ inches and $(y-4)$ inches.
2) Express the area as a trinomial in terms of $y$.
3) If $y$ units are removed from the length, express the new area in terms of $y$.
4) The area of a circle is given by the formula $A=\pi r^{2}$, where $r$ is the radius of the circle. Suppose a circle has a radius of $k-4$ inches.
5) Write an equation to find the area of the circle.
6) Find the area to the nearest hundredth if $k=6$.
7) Multiply out the following expressions.
(1) $5(2 g+3 h)$
(2) $g(3 g-2 h)$
(3) $3 \mathrm{k}^{2}(2 \mathrm{k}-5 \mathrm{~m}+2 \mathrm{n})$
(4) $3 k-(2 m+3 n-5 k)$
8) Multiply the following together.
(1) $(2 x)(3 y)$
(2) $\left(3 x^{2}\right)(5 x y)$
(3) $3(2 a+3 b)$
(4) $2 a(3 a+5 b)$
(5) $2 p\left(3 p^{2}+2 p q+q^{2}\right)$
(6) $2 x^{2}\left(3 x+2 x y+y^{2}\right)$
9) Multiply out the following, tidying up the answers as much as possible.
(1) $2 x-(x-2 y)+5 y$
(2) $4(3 a-2 b)-6(2 a-b)$
(3) $6(2 c+d)-2(3 c-d)+5$
(4) $6 a-2(3 a-5 b)-(a+4 b)$
(5) $3 x(2 x-3 y+2 z)-4 x(2 x+5 y-3 z)$
(6) $2 x y(3 x-4 y)-5 x y(2 x-y)$
(7) $2 a^{2}(3 a-2 a b)-5 a b\left(2 a^{2}-4 a b\right)$
(8) $-3 p-(p+q)+2 q(p-3)$
10) Multiply out and collect the like terms together if possible:
(1) $3 a(2 b+3 c)+2 a(b+5 c)$
(2) $2 x y\left(3 x^{2}+2 x y+y^{2}\right)$
(3) $5 p(2 p+3 q)+2 q(3 p+q)$
(4) $2 c^{2}(3 c+2 d)+5 d^{2}(2 c+d)$
