

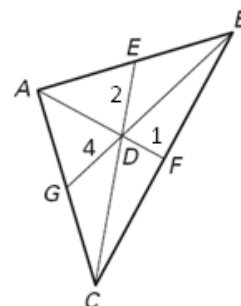
Name: \_\_\_\_\_

## Medians and Altitudes of a Triangle

**Exercise 1:**  $D$  is the centroid of  $\triangle ABC$  and  $DG=4$ . Find the indicated values.

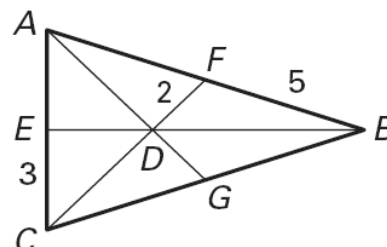
Find:

- 1)  $BG$ .
- 2)  $BD$
- 3)  $EC$
- 4)  $AF$
- 5)  $AD$



**Exercise 2:** Use the figure and the given information.  $D$  is the centroid of  $\triangle ABC$ ,  $\overline{BE} \perp \overline{AC}$ ,  $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{CB}$ ,  $FB=5$ ,  $EC=3$ , and  $DF=2$

- 1) Find  $CF$
- 2) Find  $CG$
- 3) Find  $CD$
- 4) Find the perimeter of  $\triangle ABC$

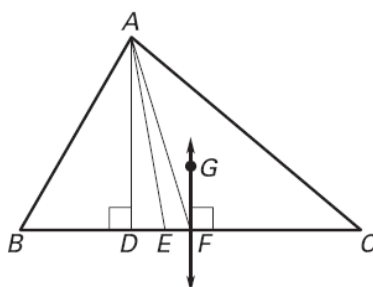


**Exercise 3:** Construct a right triangle. Label it  $\triangle ABC$  with right angle  $B$ . Construct median  $BD$ . Compare the lengths of  $BD$ ,  $AD$ , and  $CD$ .

**Exercise 4:** In an isosceles triangle, show that the bisector of the angle formed by the equal sides is also a perpendicular bisector, an altitude and a median of the triangle.

**Exercise 5:** In an equilateral triangle, show that the three angle bisectors are also the three perpendicular bisectors of sides, three altitudes and the three medians of the triangle.

**Exercise 6:** In the given figure if  $BF = FC$ ,  $\angle BAE = \angle CAE$  and  $\angle ADE = \angle GFC = 90^\circ$  then name a median, an angle bisector, and altitude and a perpendicular bisector of the triangle.



**Exercise 7:** Prove that if a triangle is equilateral, then an angle bisector is also a median.